A Tale of Two Languages John Pampuch jpampuch@google.com



Key Messages

- Kotlin and Java complement each other
- Kotlin may have accelerated Java development
- Kotlin often leads in features, sometimes by quite a bit

Competition is good: it leads to better approaches everything!



Advantages

Kotlin

- Version independence from underlying platform(s)
 - Independent, more rapid, innovation
 - Slightly easier to support multiple deployment targets
 - E.g, JDK versions, Android versions, etc.
- Somewhat independent library structure
- Leverages the VM and OpenJDK Libraries

Java

- Aligned with JDK and VM development
- Mostly self-consistent
 - E.g, when lambdas were introduced, the entire library surface was refreshed to leverage!
- Highly predictable releases
- Mostly self contained platform

Design Goals

<u>Kotlin</u>

- Kotlin is pragmatic
- Kotlin is interoperable
- Kotlin is object oriented

<u>Java</u>

- Simple, object-oriented, and familiar
- Robust and secure
- Architecture-neutral and portable
- High performance
- Interpreted, threaded, and dynamic

Premise: Competition Leads to Better Results

- New ideas
- Faster progress
- Better outcomes
- Excitement!



Some Caveats

- This talk is mostly about Java and Kotlin
 - Focus on Language features
 - $\circ~$ Sometimes this presentation touches on some aspects of the platform
- There is far more to the Java ecosystem than just the programming language
 - $\circ~$ Also true of the broader Kotlin ecosystem
- Kotlin often benefits from platform enhancements • E.g., JVM performance, enhanced OpenJDK libraries
- Comparing Java and Kotlin is hard: both are part of extensive ecosystems that target slightly different realms.

More Caveats

- I'm highlighting major features
 - $\circ~$ Not every feature is captured here
 - Nor on patch releases, security releases, i18n updates, time-zone updates
- Every release has many improvements: bug fixes, security fixes, performance improvements, etc.
 - A hidden "feature" of Java and Kotlin \rightarrow continuous improvement!
- Both Java and Kotlin tend to release capabilities in at least two phases
 - experimental/preview/incubator
 - I refer to all of these as "Preview"
 - GA/stable/production-ready

A Brief History

Java and Kotlin Evolution since Kotlin's announcement



Kotlin

• Kotlin announced - July 22, 2011

Starting from scratch (e.g., new from the ground up) would be easier, but would never get done!

- Instead: Pragmatism
- Bi-directional interop with Java
- And some hints of multi-platform

Java

- Java 7 July 7, 2011
- Project Coin (small change!)
 - Strings in switch
 - Automatic resource management in try-statement aka try-with-resources statement
 - Improved type inference for generic instance creation, aka the diamond operator <>
 - Simplified varargs method declaration
 - Binary integer literals
 - Improved numeric literals
 - Catching multiple exception types and rethrowing exceptions with improved type checking
- Also: InvokeDynamic

A lot of time passes! (2012-2014)

- Java moves slowly
 - Sun was moving slowly!
 - For a while, JDK releases were a bit like Star Trek movies
 - $\circ~$ Star Trek even numbered movies were good
 - JDK 6: Good
 - JDK 7: yawn
 - JDK 8: Good
 - JDK 9: yawn
- The new OpenJDK release schedule has shaken things up a lot!

- Kotlin
- Focused on getting to its first public milestone
- Few people saw the progress
- Opensourced in Feb 2012
- Priorities:
 - Useful
 - Avoid gratuitous differences minimize relearning



2014-2016

Kotlin 1.0 - February 15, 2016

- Kotlin works where Java works
- User Experience in mind
 - IDE support, build performance, toolability
- Backwards compatibility commitment
- Smart casts
- String Templates
- Named arguments

Leverages many ecosystem elements

• Gradle, Maven, etc.

Java 8 - March 8, 2014

- First LTS release!
- Lambda expressions, and method references (Yay)
- Default methods in interfaces
- Type annotations, repeating annotations
- Improved type inference
- Method parameter reflection

Various platform updates

2017 - rapid updates

Kotlin 1.1 - March 1

- typealias
- Bound callable references
- Enhancements to **sealed** and **data** classes!
- Destructuring in lambdas
- Improved numeric literals
- Experimental: Coroutines

Kotlin 1.2 - November 28

- Improvements to type inference and smart casts
- Preview: Multiplat

Java 9 - September 21

- First "new" release model release
- Removed _ as a valid variable name

Kind of a yawner, except

• Modules!

Kotlin 1.3 - October 28

- Preview: Contracts
- Improvements:
 - \circ when
 - o nested classes in annotations
 - parameterless main
- Coroutines GA
 - $\circ~$ With the Flow API
- Kotlin/native
- Preview: API Opt-in
- Preview: inline class
- Preview: Unsigned Integers

Java 10 - March 20

• Local Var type inference

Java 11 - September 25

- Second LTS release!
- Improvements to Lambdas, type inference

Kotlin

No major releases!

MANY Minor releases:

```
1.3.20, 1.3.21, 1.3.30, 1.3.40, 1.3.41, 1.3.50, 1.3.60, 1.3.61
```

Java 12 - March 19

- Preview: **switch** expressions
- Preview: Pattern matching

Java 13 - September 17

- Second Preview: switch expressions
- Preview: Text Blocks

Kotlin 1.4 - August 17

- SAM conversions for Kotlin interfaces
- Named Arguments improvements
- Trailing Commas!

Java 14 - March 17

- **switch** expressions
- Preview: record

Java 15 - September 15

• Preview: Sealed Classes and interfaces

Kotlin 1.5 - May 5

- JVM record support
- Sealed interfaces
- Sealed class improvements
- inline (aka value) classes

Kotlin 1.5.30 - August 24

- Preview: Exhaustive when statement
- Preview: Suspending functions as supertypes

Kotlin 1.6 - November 16

- Exhaustive when statement
- Suspending functions as supertypes
- Stable suspend conversions
- More improvements in type inference

Java 16 - March 16

- Preview 2: Sealed classes and interfaces
- Records
- Pattern matching for instanceof

Java 17 - September 14 - Third LTS!

- Sealed classes and interfaces
- Preview: Pattern matching for switch

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Kotlin 1.6.20 - April 4

- Preview: Context receivers for Kotlin/JVM
- Preview: Definitely non-nullable types

Kotlin 1.7 - June 9

- Preview: K2
- Implementation by delegation to inlined value of inline class
- Underscore operator for type arguments
- Builder inference
- Opt-in requirements
- Stable definitely non-nullable types

Kotlin 1.7.20

- Preview: ..< for open-ended ranges
- Preview: data objects

Java 18 - March 22

• Preview 2: Pattern matching for switch

Java 19 - September 20

- Preview: Virtual Threads
- Preview: record patterns
- Preview 3: Pattern matching for switch

Kotlin 1.8 - December 28

 Internal compiler work but no major features

Kotlin 1.8.20 - April 25

- Preview: K2
- Preview: Kotlin/Wasm
- Preview 2: data objects

Kotlin 1.9 - July 6

• ..< operator for open-ended ranges

Java 20 - March 21

- Preview 2: record Patterns
- Preview 4: Pattern Matching for switch
- Preview: Scoped Values
- Preview 2: Virtual Threads
- Preview 2: Structured Concurrency

Java 21 - September 19 - Fourth LTS!

- record Patterns
- Pattern Matching for switch
- Virtual Threads
- Preview: **String** Templates
- Preview: Unnamed Patterns and Variables
- Preview: Implicitly Declared classes and Instance Main methods

Kotlin 2.0 - May 21

- K2
- Smart cast improvements
- Multiplat improvements

Java 22 - March 19

- Unnamed Variables and Patterns
- Preview: Statements before super(...)
- Preview 2: String Templates
- Preview 2: Implicitly Declared classes and Instance Main methods
- Preview 2: Structured Concurrency
- Preview 2: Scoped Values

Java 23 - TBD!

• TBD

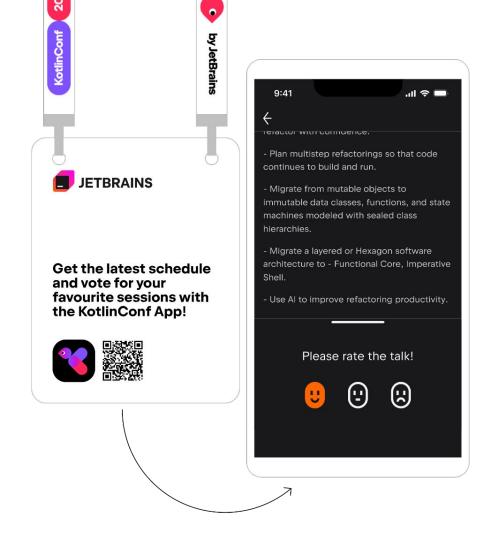
What does this all mean?

Wins and Advantage

- Kotlin: Features faster
- Kotlin: Multiplat support JVM, Android, iOS, Web, Wasm
- Both: High degree of backward compatibility
- Java: Faster compilation
- Kotlin: coroutines, async flow, channels,
- Kotlin: DSLs
- Kotlin: named arguments

Kotlin's features are pragmatic, developer friendly abstractions that make code more compact, easier to read and easier to write!

Thank you, and don't forget to vote





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